

4G-5G Mobile Broadband & IoT

User equipment, hardware and systems

Acal BFi Nordic
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- Introduction
- 2G-3G sunset
- 4G and 5G networks and devices overview
- 5G technology and evolution
- 4G and 5G devices
- Thoughts from a birds perspective
- Summary, Questions
- End

Wireless IoT for digital transformation



5G-NR
4G-LTE
LTE LPWA
cat M1, NB2/NB-IoT

WiFi, Bluetooth, LoRa
GNSS, Navigation
Antennas

RF Semiconductors
Thermal imaging
Sensors

Device-to-Cloud
Connectivity (SIMs)
Device Management

European technology centres



- Engineers with extensive R&D and RF experience
- Equipment for RF R&D in-house

- RF application support
- Design review
- Antenna matching
- Reference design



Customer project

Radio

4G LTE cat M1/NB1
GNSS
BLE
RFID

Sensors

IMU, Light, Humidity,
Pressure, Temperature

System

uP & Memory
Display
Buzzer
Power & Battery

Single sided PCBA
114 x 60 mm



Long experience with wireless and cellular

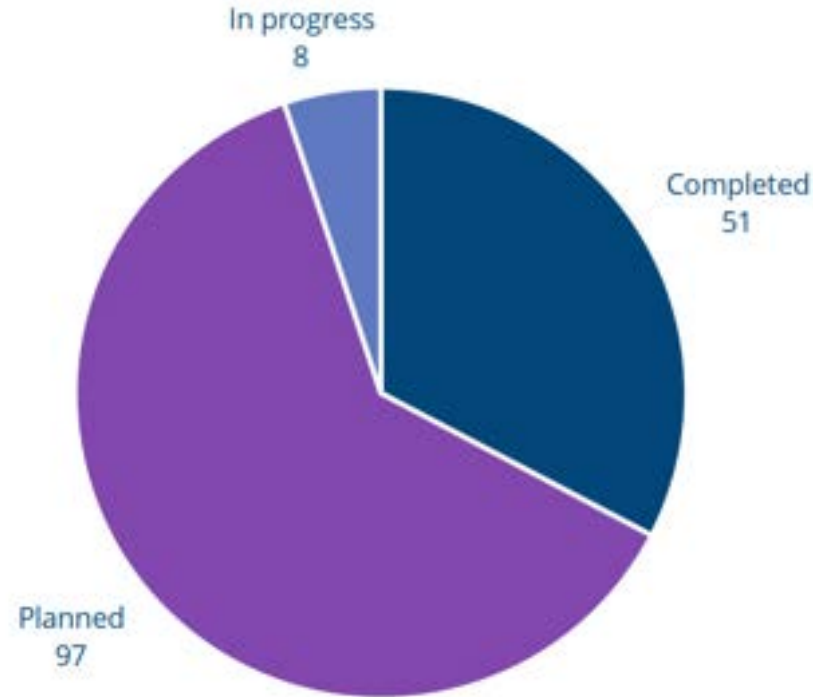


**more than 18 years of
successful partnership**

3GPP Cellular

2G, 3G, 4G, 5G

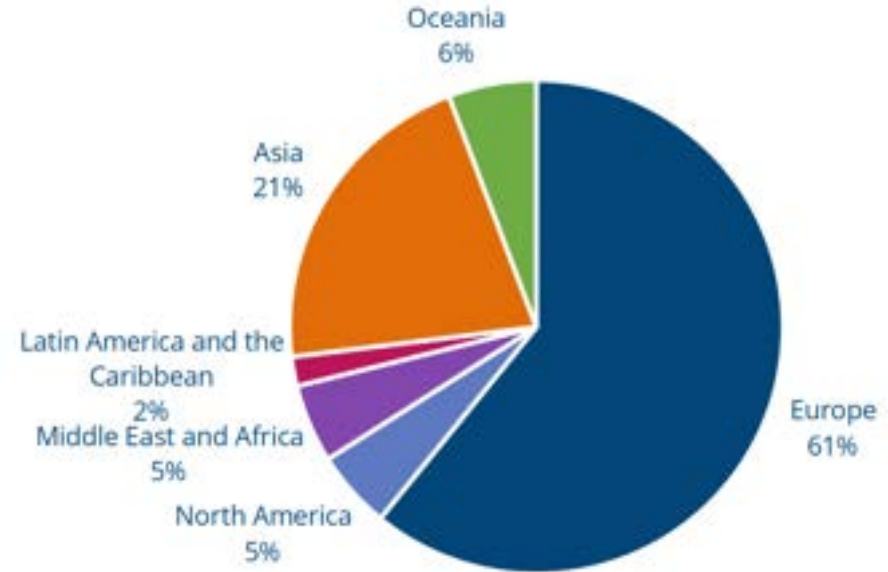
GSM, GPRS, WCDMA, LTE, HSPA, LPWA, MTC, LTE-M, NB-IoT, 5G-NR

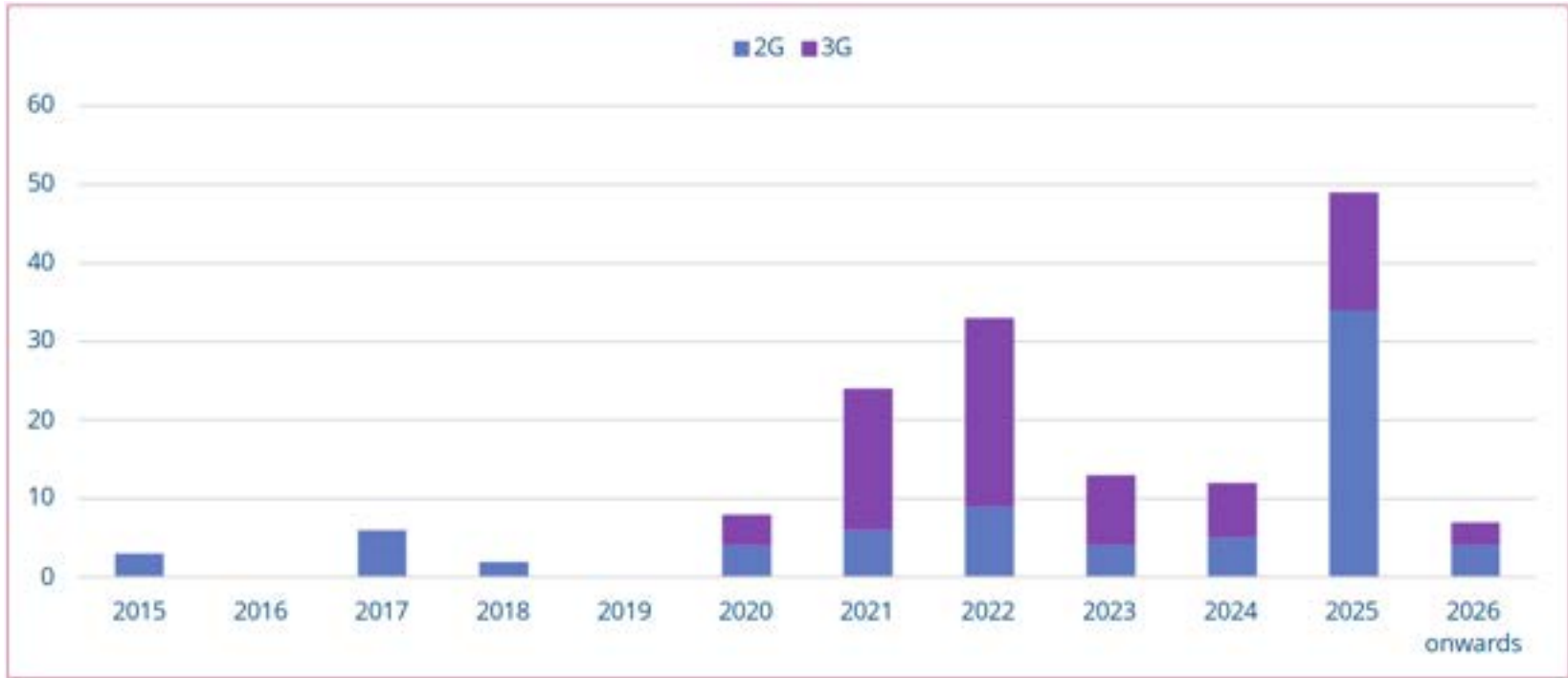


Count of network operators that have completed, planned or are in progress with 2G and 3G switch-offs.

2G and 3G network switch-offs by region

October 2022 update





2G and 3G network switch-offs by year

2025

4G-LTE & 5G-NR

Countries without public LTE networks



- Cuba
- North Korea
- Mauretania
- Equatorial Guinea
- Central African Republic
- South Sudan
- Eritrea
- Djibouti
- ...some remote islands

GSA, Nov 2018

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Countries without public LTE networks



North Korea
Central African Republic
Eritrea
...some remote islands

LTE has >6,6 billion subscribers
expected peak at ~7 billion 2023

Deployed networks,
817 operators in 242 countries

Investing,
980 operators in 245 countries

- 5G deployed in network, services launched
- Planning/evaluating/testing/trialling
- Deploying/deployed, precommercial
- 5G deployed in network, soft launch



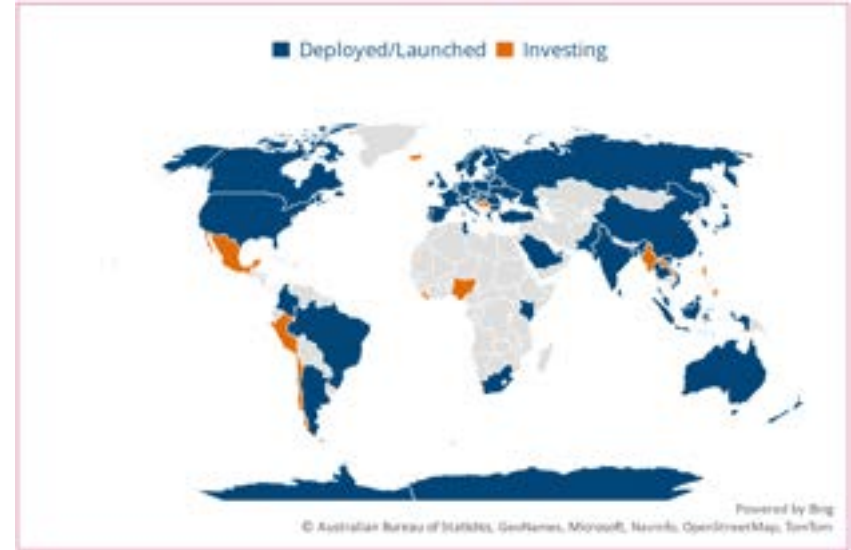
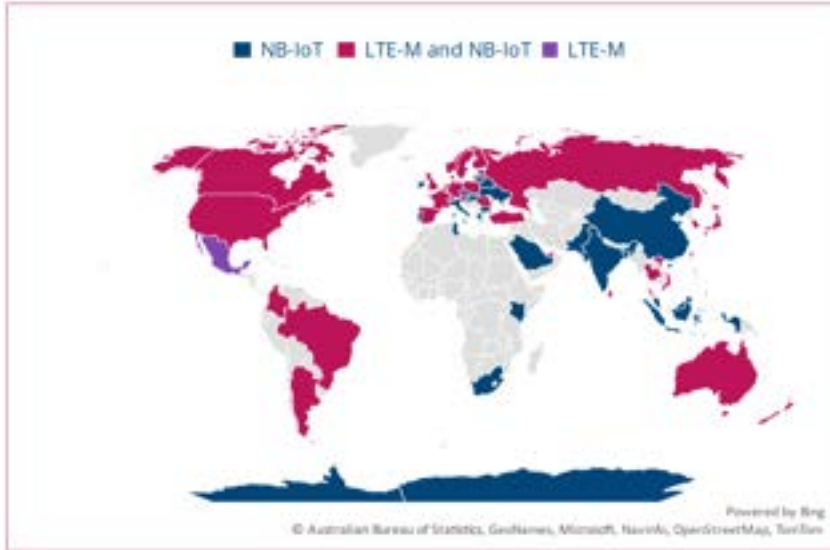
5G had ~1 billion subs end 2022

Deployed networks,
243 operators in 96 countries

Investing,
515 operators in 155 countries

245 : EMEA
146 : Americas
108 : APAC

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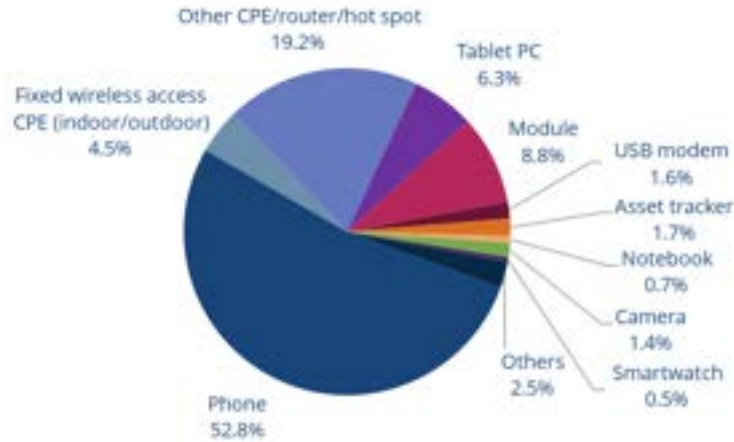
Live and planned networks,

- **180 operators in 81 countries**
- **NB-IoT : 125 operators**
- **LTE-M : 56 operators**

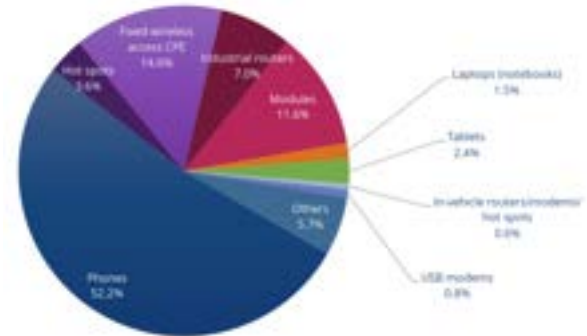
Investing,

- **NB-IoT : 168 operators in 102 countries**
- **LTE-M : 76 operators in 42 countries**

4G-LTE



5G-NR

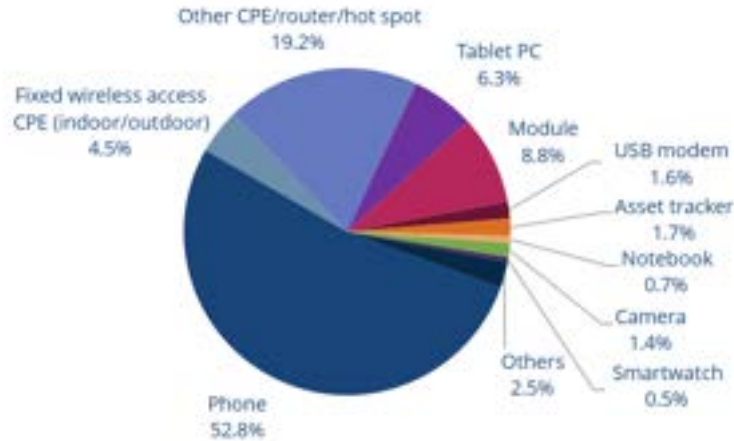


More than
22,000
LTE devices
catalogued

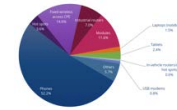
At least
1,750
5G devices
recorded

More than
1,150 device
vendors tracked

4G-LTE



5G-NR



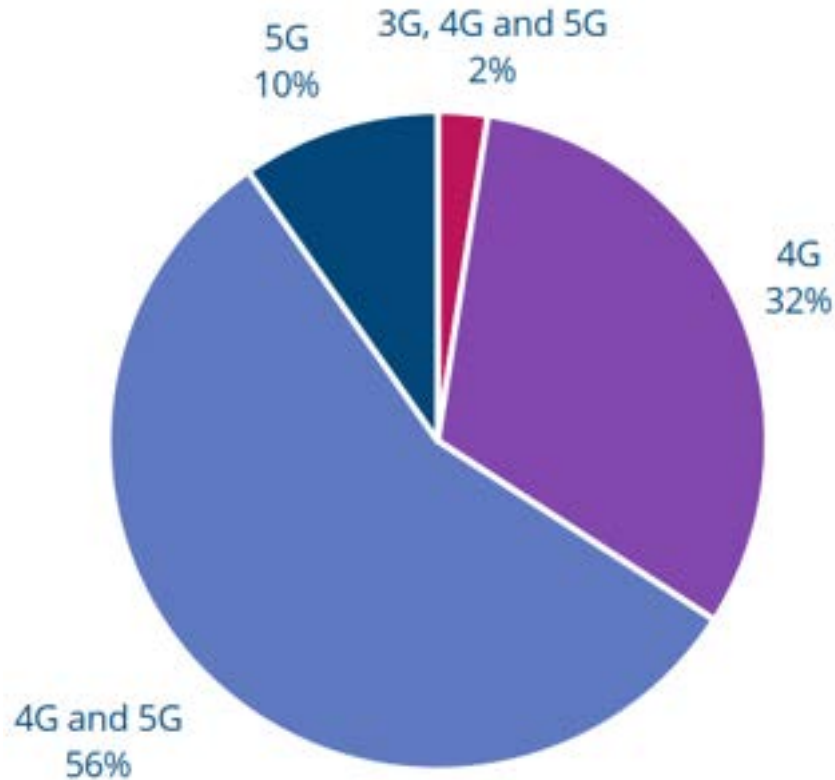
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Operators are upgrading networks

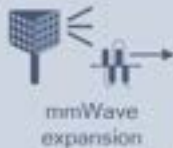
October 2022 update



5G is designed to co-exist with 4G

4G will be around for a long, long time

Enhancing mobile broadband



5G Advanced in Release 18+

5G Release 17: strengthened foundations and verticals



Enabling new verticals

5G Release 16: expanding to new verticals



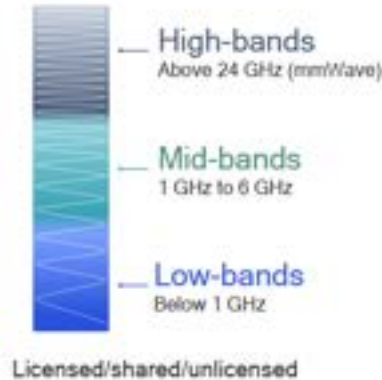
4G foundations



5G-NR is a unified, more capable air interface



Diverse services



Diverse spectrum



Diverse deployments

10x

Decrease in end-to-end latency

10x

Experienced throughput

3x

Spectrum efficiency

100x

Traffic capacity

100x

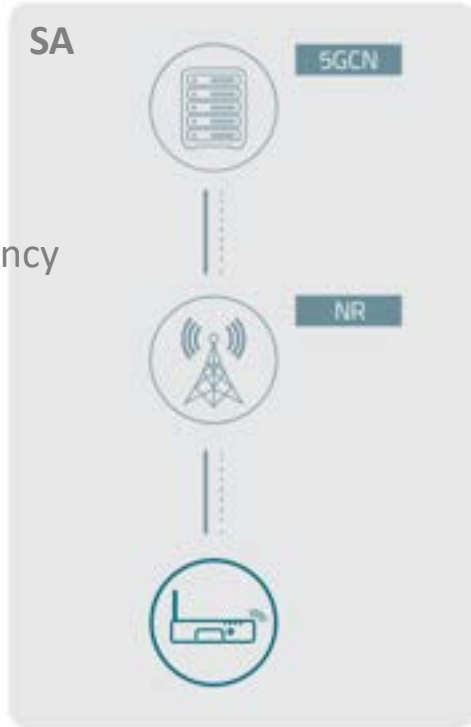
Network efficiency

10x

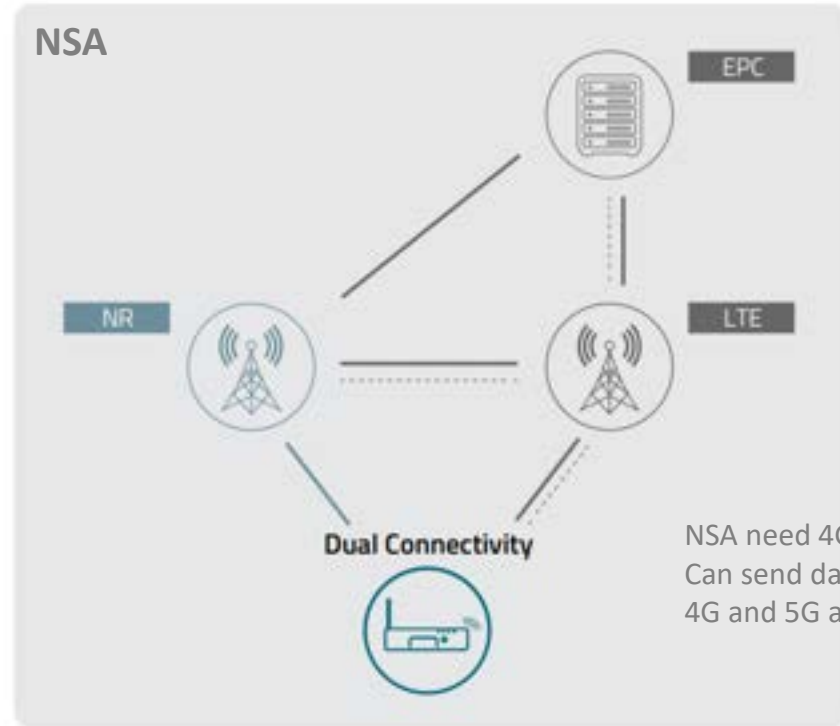
Connection density

5G, Stand Alone (SA) vs. Non-Stand Alone (NSA)

SA for
Low Latency



NR : New Radio (5G)
5GCN : 5G Core Network

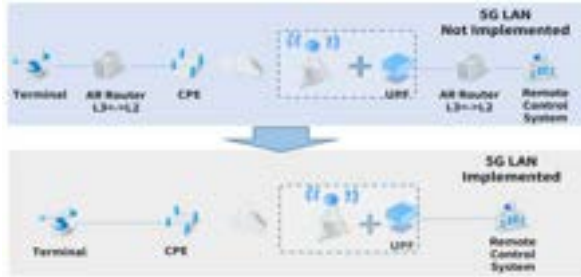


NSA need 4G as "Anchor"
Can send data over both
4G and 5G air interfaces

LTE : Long Term Evolution (4G)
EPC : Evolved Packet Core (4G)

A few 5G key technologies

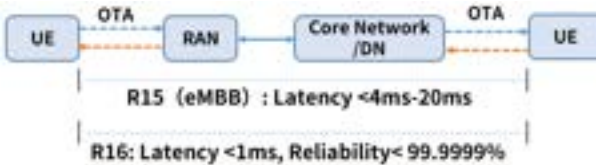
5G LAN



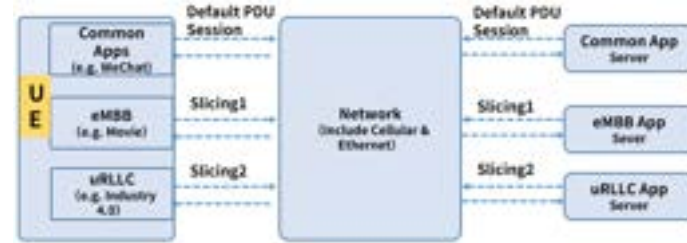
Reduces the difficulty of networking in private networks.
The core data does not leave “the factory”.



Latency Reliability



Target delay is less than 1 ms,
and reliability is 99.9999%.



Network Slicing



Differentiated, high-certainty, high-reliability networks
to facilitate digital transformation of industries.



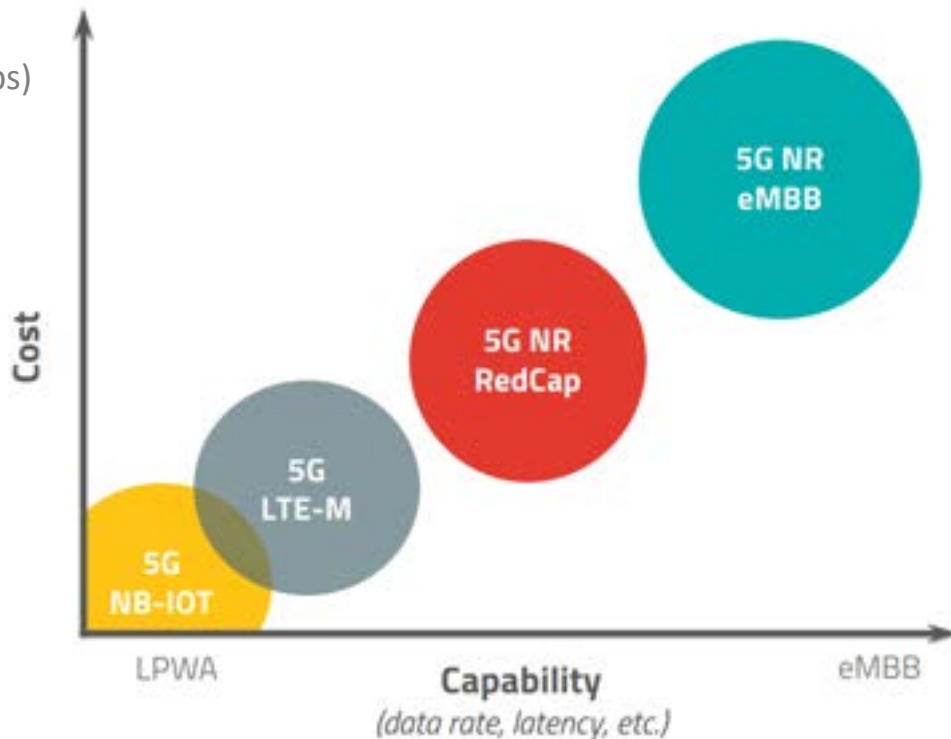
More spectrum, ENDC combining 4G & 5G,
Dynamic Spectrum Sharing between 4G & 5G



>Bands ENDC, DSS

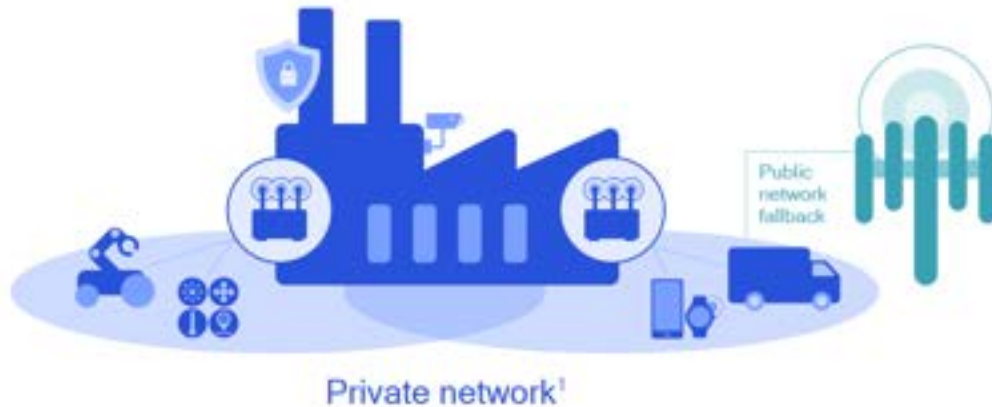
5G-NR Reduced Capability – RedCap (NR Light)

- Target use cases
 - Wearables and high end IoT
 - R17 : 4G-LTE cat 4 replacement (50-150 Mbps)
 - R18 : 4G-LTE cat 1 replacement
- Cost & capability reductions
 - Only 1 antenna needed
 - Lower min BW requirements
 - Half duplex FDD
- Feature from Release 17 and on
- Requires new network functionality
- Commercial ~2024-2025



5G private networks

Brings benefits to industry and enterprise



Dedicated

Local network, dedicated resources, independently managed

Secure

Cellular grade security, sensitive data stays on-premise

Optimized

Tailored performance for local applications, e.g., low latency, QoS²



Coverage, capacity, and mobility

Outdoor/indoor, high data speeds, seamless handovers, public network fallback

Reliability and precise timing

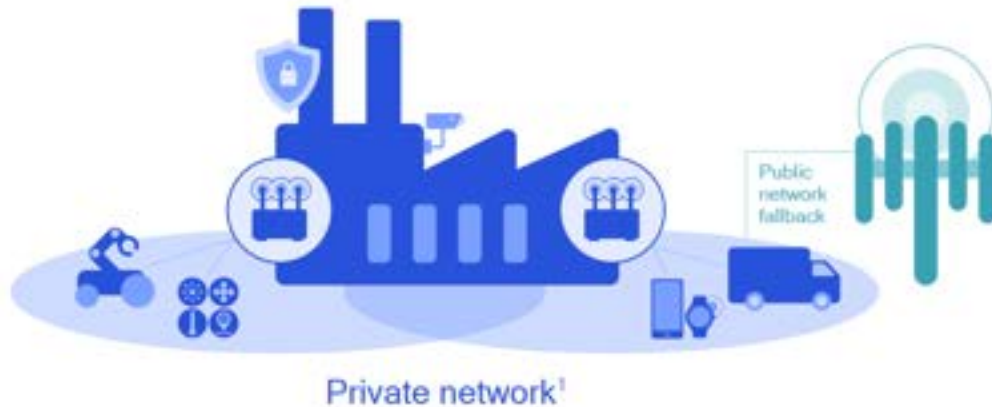
Industrial grade reliability, latency and synchronization (eURLLC³ and TSN⁴)

Interoperability

Global standard, vast ecosystem, future proof with rich 5G roadmap

5G private networks

Brings benefits to industry and enterprise



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Outdoor/indoor, high data speeds, seamless handovers, public network fallback

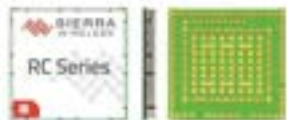
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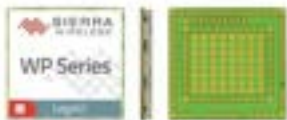
Global standard, vast ecosystem, future proof with rich 5G roadmap

4G & 5G devices



SMD-LGA, 22 x 23 mm

RC71xx, LTE cat 1 bis, Regional
RC76xx-1, LTE cat 1, Regional
10 Mbps DL / 5 Mbps UL
RC76xx, LTE cat 4, Regional
150 Mbps DL / 50 Mbps UL



SMD-LGA, 22 x 23 mm
Linux Application Framework, Legato

WP76xx-1, LTE cat 1, Regional
10 Mbps DL / 5 Mbps UL
WP76xx, LTE cat 4, Regional
150 Mbps DL / 50 Mbps UL
WP7702, LTE cat M1/NB1, Global
20 kbps DL / 60 kbps UL



SMD-LGA, 15 x 18 mm

HL7810, LTE cat M1/NB2, Global
HL7812, LTE cat M1/NB2+2G, Global
HL7845, LTE cat M1/NB2, Metering
590 kbps DL / 1100 kbps UL, 3GPP rel 14
HL7xxx, LTE cat M1/NB2
590 kbps DL / 1100 kbps UL, 3GPP rel 15-17



MC116-xxx, LTE cat 1, Regional
L610-xxx, LTE cat 1 bis, Regional
L610-GL, cat 1 bis, Global
10 Mbps DL / 5 Mbps UL



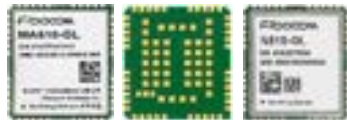
SMD-LGA, 32 x 29 mm

NL668-xxx, LTE cat 4, Regional
L716-xxx, LTE cat 4, Regional
150 Mbps DL / 50 Mbps UL



SMD-LGA, 24.2 x 26.2 mm

MC610-xxx, LTE cat 1 bis, Regional
10 Mbps DL / 5 Mbps UL

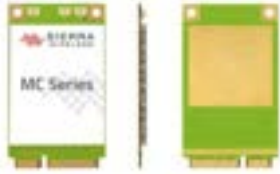


SMD-LGA, 22.2 x 20.2 mm

MC665-xxx, cat 1 bis, Regional (2023-Q1)
10 Mbps DL / 5 Mbps UL
MA510-GL, LTE cat M1/NB2 (+2G), Global
590 kbps DL / 1100 kbps UL, 3GPP rel 14
N510-GL, NB-IoT, Global
65 kbps DL / 145 kbps UL

4G-LTE modules

Mobile Broadband & Industrial, mPCIe and M.2



mPCIe, 30 x 51 mm

MC74x1, LTE cat 7/13, Regional
300 Mbps DL / 150 Mbps UL



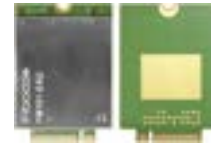
mPCIe, 30 x 51 mm

L610-xxx, LTE cat 1, Regional
10 Mbps DL / 5 Mbps UL
NL668-xxx, LTE cat 4, Regional
150 Mbps DL / 50 Mbps UL



M.2, 30 x 42 mm

EM74x1, LTE cat 7/13, Regional
300 Mbps DL / 150 Mbps UL
EM7590, LTE cat 13, Global
400 Mbps DL / 150 Mbps UL
MP 2022-Q4
EM7565/7511, LTE cat 12/13, Global
600 Mbps DL / 150 Mbps UL



M.2, 30 x 42 mm

FM101-xxx, LTE cat 6, Regional
300 Mbps DL / 50 Mbps UL



M.2, 30 x 52 mm

EM7690, LTE cat 20, Global
2 Gbps DL / 211 Mbps UL



M.2, 30 x 52 mm

NL952-xxx, LTE cat 12, Regional
600 Mbps DL / 150 Mbps UL

5G-NR modules, R15-16

Mobile Broadband & Industrial, M.2 30x52 mm



EM9190, 5G-NR, 3GPP-R15, Global

Sub 6 GHz & mm-wave, SDX55

5,5 Gbps DL / 3 Gbps UL

EM9191, 5G-NR, 3GPP-R15, Global

Sub 6 GHz, SDX55

4,5 Gbps DL / 660 Mbps UL



FM150-xxx, 5G-NR, 3GPP-R16, Regional

Sub 6 GHz, SDX55

2,1 Gbps DL / 900 Mbps UL



EM9290, 5G-NR, 3GPP-R16, Global

Sub 6 GHz & mm-wave, SDX65

5,5 Gbps DL / 3 Gbps UL

EM9291, 5G-NR, 3GPP-R16, Global

Sub 6 GHz, SDX62

4,9 Gbps DL / 660 Mbps UL

EM9293, 5G-NR, 3GPP-R16, Global

Sub 6 GHz, SDX65

4,9 Gbps DL / 900 Mbps UL



FM160-xxx, 5G-NR, 3GPP-R16, Regional

Sub 6 GHz, SDX62

2,47 Gbps DL / 900 Mbps UL

5G SMD modules in LGA package are available as well

5G-NR, devices based on SDX72/SDX75,
M.2 form factor and SMD modules in LGA package
Commercial 2023-Q4 / 2024-H1

5G-NR RedCap, devices based on SDX35,
Commercial probably around 2025-H1

...how does Network Operators view 5G-NR RedCap ?
Investment plans ?

4G & 5G routers and gateways

Rugged units for mission critical applications



4G routers
LX60, RV55
FX30 (programmable gateway)



5G routers
XR80, XR90

...my look from above

Dear 2G & 3G,

You did a Great job for us all – But, it's time to say farewell.

To all users,

- Networks are going away quickly, devices are being obsoleted as well.
- If you did not start a migration to 4G (or 5G) already : Now is the time !
...call us.;+)

4G-LTE - cat 1 and up

- A True Global technology : Almost ubiquitous and will remain in operation many years to come.
- Stable technology and very large eco system.
- Designed to co-exist with 5G
- Low to medium cost devices for moderate up to high data rates (500 kbps to 1 Gbps).
- Medium complexity radio, need two antennas for best performance. Some network operators require two antennas.
- LTE cat 1 bis - one antenna only, and lower cost - attractive for use cases with moderate data rate requirements.

There are almost no 4G-LTE Not-spot countries in the world

4G-LPWA - cat M1, NB1, NB2

- Low complexity radio, one antenna only. Lowest device cost and power consumption of all 3GPP cellular technologies.
- Up to 164 dB link budget => Coverage 5...10x compared to std LTE.
- Cat M is ideal for mobile tracking devices.
- Network deployments kind of slow since operators are picky with business cases.
- Roaming is still not generic as it is for LTE cat 1 and up.
- Network functionality vary between operators/networks and countries. I.e PSM/eDRX may work in one country but not in another.

Important to consider coverage and feature availability on your target markets !

5G-NR

- Complex technology, devices generally require 4 antennas.
- Rapid growth but networks are still “city centric”
- Mobile phones is the main volume driver for devices (currently >52%) – Marketing hype.
- FWA growing rapidly, especially in areas with poor wired infrastructure.
- High capacity routers for public WiFi on trains/buses is excellent, but limited in volume.
- Private 5G networks, many trials and pilots ongoing but not a volume market short term.
- High cost devices which are still too expensive for generic industrial applications.

It will take a while for 5G to become ubiquitous.

5G-NR RedCap

- Less complex NR radio, one antenna is enough
- R17 RedCap thought as an alternative to LTE cat 4, R18 RedCap to cat 1
- Devices to become available 2024/2025. Could trigger volume growth in generic industrial applications.
- Lower cost, comparable to mid capacity LTE (cat 4/6)

Will RedCap be generally supported in networks or will the situation be similar to the one for 4G-LPWA ?

5G is designed to co-exist with 4G

DSS : 4G and 5G can Dynamically share the same spectrum

ENDC : Combination of 4G and 5G to increase bandwidth

4G will be around for a long, long time

Efficient and cost effective with a huge amount of stakeholders

There are almost no 4G-LTE Not-spot countries in the world

**Thanks for
listening**

